

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
AT KNOXVILLE**

KENNETH L. STOREY,

Plaintiff,

v.

KNOX COUNTY, TENNESSEE, JAILER

BOWERS, and OFFICER YARNELL,

Defendants.

No.: 3:03-CV-488-CLC-HBG

MEMORANDUM OPINION

This is a pro se prisoner's complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On February 27, 2019, the Court entered an order providing that Plaintiff would have fifteen days from the date of entry of the order to show cause as to why this matter should not be dismissed for failure to prosecute [Doc. 153]. The Court also warned Plaintiff that if he failed to timely comply with that order, the Court would dismiss this action [*Id.* at 1]. More than thirty days have passed and Plaintiff has not complied with this order. Also, on March 26, 2019, the United States Postal Service returned the mail containing this order to the Court with a notation indicating that Plaintiff has moved and left no address [Doc. 154].

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) gives this Court the authority to dismiss a case for "failure of the plaintiff to prosecute or to comply with these rules or any order of the court." *See, e.g., Nye Capital Appreciation Partners, L.L.C. v. Nemchik*, 483 F. App'x 1, 9 (6th Cir. 2012); *Knoll v. Am. Tel. & Tel. Co.*, 176 F.3d 359, 362–63 (6th Cir. 1999). The Court examines four factors when considering dismissal under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b):

(1) whether the party's failure is due to willfulness, bad faith, or fault; (2) whether the adversary was prejudiced by the dismissed party's conduct; (3) whether the dismissed party was warned that failure to cooperate could lead to dismissal; and

(4) whether less drastic sanctions were imposed or considered before dismissal was ordered.

Wu v. T.W. Wang, Inc., 420 F.3d 641, 643 (6th Cir. 2005); *see Reg'l Refuse Sys., Inc. v. Inland Reclamation Co.*, 842 F.2d 150, 155 (6th Cir. 1988).

As to the first factor, the Court finds that Plaintiff's failure to respond to or comply with the Court's previous order is due to Plaintiff's willfulness and/or fault. Specifically, as the United States Postal Service has returned mail containing orders of the Court as undeliverable [Docs. 150 and 154], it is apparent that Plaintiff did not receive the Court's most recent orders because he failed to update his address and monitor this action as this Court's Local Rule 83.13 requires. As such, the first factor weighs in favor of dismissal.

As to the second factor, the Court finds that Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Court's order has not prejudiced Defendants.

As to the third factor, the Court warned Plaintiff that the Court would dismiss this case if he failed to comply with the Court's order [Doc. 153 p. 1].

Finally, as to the fourth factor, the Court finds that alternative sanctions would not be effective. Plaintiff was a prisoner proceeding *in forma pauperis* [Doc. 2] and he has not pursued this case since sending a notice of change of address to the Court [Doc. 148] more than three years ago.

For the reasons set forth above, the Court concludes that the relevant factors weigh in favor of dismissal of this action pursuant to Rule 41(b).

The Court **CERTIFIES** that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith.

AN APPROPRIATE ORDER WILL ENTER.

/s/
CURTIS L. COLLIER
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE